

THE WEATHER FORECAST.  
Fair and cooler to-day; to-morrow fair,  
with rising temperature.  
Highest temperature yesterday, 75; lowest, 50.  
Detailed weather, mail and marine reports on page 11.



IT SHINES FOR ALL  
ONE CENT  
In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark, TWO CENTS.

VOL. LXXXIV.—NO. 30.

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1916.

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## HOLZWEIG STIRS HOPE OF BOAT FACTION IN TALK

Berlin Press Sees Hint of  
"Frightfulness."

## "ENGLAND THE FOE." POPULAR CRY AGAIN

Chancellor Hailed as Voic-  
ing Sentiment of Whole  
German People.

## SAYS ALLIES HAVE FAILED ON SOMME

Touton Line Unbreakable.  
Is Declaration to  
Reichstag.

Berlin, via London, Sept. 29.—Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg's declaration to the Reichstag yesterday that Great Britain is Germany's chief foe and that every possible means to crush that nation should be taken by the German Empire, intimating a possible return to unrestricted submarine warfare, is taken by commentators to be the overshadowing issue in his remarks. His speech as a whole meets with a mixed reception in the news. The feeling being expressed that he placed such restraint on himself that his utterances lacked definiteness.

The Conservatives ask pointedly whether his sharp words against England and his declaration that the German Empire should be harnessed to adapt every possible means to defeat that country signifies that he is willing to resume the submarine warfare, though they themselves assume that the contrary is the case.

All the newspapers except *Vorwarts*, a socialist organ, are gratified that the Chancellor made no peace overtures in view of the utterances of members of the British and French cabinets.

**Conservative Press Cold.**  
The Conservative press treats coldly the Chancellor's speech and the utterances of the members of the British and French cabinets. The outline of the future internal policy of the nation seems to be the main theme of the speech, which is seen to be a case of Prussia ruling Germany.

**Effect on Home Thought.**  
The speech has produced a feeling of uneasiness in the minds of the German people. The speech has produced a feeling of uneasiness in the minds of the German people.

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## BREMEN BUOY FOUND OFF COAST OF MAINE

Life-Preserver Washed Ashore  
Believed to Be From German  
Submarine.

PORTLAND, Me., Sept. 29.—A life preserver painted with the name "Bremen" in letters of the German navy and decorated with a German crown was washed ashore here early tonight.

There is reason to believe it was from the undersize freighter which was expected to reach the Deutschland's port in crossing the Atlantic with despatch and medicine. Of course there is no way of knowing whether the craft met with an accident or whether it was destroyed by allied cruisers, but apparently it disposed of the report that the Bremen had been captured and taken to a French or English port.

The life preserver was picked up in Portland harbor, near the Cape Elizabeth shore, by a ten-year-old boy. It is of the familiar "doughnut" shape, about fifteen and one-half inches in diameter and bears the following inscription on both sides, in bold black letters two inches high:

"Bremen," "Schwarzmark," "V. Epping," "Hovener," "Wohlbehaltener," besides the small German cross.

The life preserver was shown to Sgt. Hans Jensen at Fort Williams, who has served on the German navy. He said there was no doubt that it was from a German naval vessel.

New London, Conn., Sept. 29.—Officially, the Eastern Forwarding Company, American agents for the German line of submarine merchantmen, were undisturbed to-night over the report that a life preserver had been picked up off the Maine coast.

When asked if the preserver might have belonged to the long expected submarine, Capt. P. Hirsch said, "Impossible."

**BULGARS AGAIN  
FAIL TO WIN HILL**

Serb Bayonets Drive Them  
Down the Slopes of  
Kaimakalan.

Sofia, Sept. 29.—Again the Bulgars have failed to take the Kaimakalan heights in Macedonia, and the Serbs have driven them down the slopes. The French War Office announced that the Bulgars took last night four times, and each time were repulsed with heavy losses.

Serbian bayonets still held the highest peak of the range, called by the Bulgars "Kaimakalan." The Serbs have driven them down the slopes of Kaimakalan.

**PERCY ROCKEFELLER WARNS.**  
Says U. S. Is Friendless and Faces  
Financial Upheaval.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 29.—"The close of the European war, if it comes, will be a great calamity to the United States," said Percy Rockefeller, president of the National Trust Company, in a speech here tonight.

## BRITISH PUSH ON IN DRIVE ON BAPAUME

Storm Fortified Farm and  
Take Trenches in Move  
Against Village.

## FRENCH FORGE AHEAD

Joffre's and Haig's Troops in  
Wide Encircling Operation  
North of Somme.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—British and French troops pushed forward to-day at three points north of the Somme toward the next line of fortified villages lying between the Allies' line and the towns of Bapaume and Peronne.

The French in a night attack took German trenches between Morval and Fromelles, the narrow neck a mile wide through which part of the Combes position was driven.

Rally-Sailleul, about a mile north of Fromelles. The village is the easternmost of the semicircle of three villages which were once behind the German first line and are now the German first line.

**Win on Road to Bapaume.**  
The British moves to-day were toward Le Transloy and Le Sars, the other villages in the semicircle. Haig's troops took a strongly defended farm, comprising a little ring of forts 500 yards west of Le Sars, early in the morning, and later occupied 500 yards of German trenches east of Le Sars, about a half mile from the outskirts of Le Transloy.

Pushing still further forward along this line, and from Gueudecourt northwest, the British moved on to the village of Fromelles, which was once behind the German first line and are now the German first line.

In the region of Thiepval the British took part in more of the desperate hand-to-hand fighting that has been so frequent in that area and carried an important section of the German position.

The British night statement says: Rain fell heavily to-day, except for intermittent shining, and the day was very wet.

**British Capture Trench.**  
In the Thiepval area there was heavy fighting round the St. Eloi position, which was taken by the British.

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## "NEUTRAL" UNITED STATES DERIDED IN GERMAN PRESS

Presence of Americans in the French Army and  
Exportation of Munitions are Cited as Arguments  
for Ruthless U Boat Warfare.

Berlin (via London), Sept. 29.—Immediately on the heels of the utterance of the Imperial Chancellor in the Reichstag concerning the submarine campaign, the German press has started a series of criticisms of the neutrality of the United States, based on the news of the death of the American aviator, Kiffin Rockwell, and the presence of other American aviators on the western front.

They connect this evidence of American sympathy for the Allies and the supply of munitions to the United States as an indication of the futility of concessions to the American standpoint with regard to submarines.

The German press is now arguing that American respect for neutrality is vanishing and how America is missing the present form of submarine warfare to cover the active participation of American citizens in the war on the side of the Entente Allies.

**American Ingratitude.**  
The *Local Anzeiger*, under the heading "American Neutrality," prints the following:

"We all know that, impelled by love of peace and other humane sentiments, we made concessions to America, and now see with astonishment that the concessions have resulted only in the further supply of munitions with ammunition and guns. We now see further how our conciliatory attitude directly has been misused on the American side, and Americans are, therefore, teaching the enemy and all important positions. We are acquainted naturally with the love of adventure in the American blood, and do not condemn it. We also would have no objection whatever to pay attention to the exercise of this passion if we had not believed that the concessions to the United States would be sufficient for honorable peace. The American people are inclined to ignore the most natural obligations of neutrality."

"If, however, as the above mentioned facts seem to show, we have been misled to have made concessions which are misused and which show us to that degree our foolishness and the danger for the conception for neutrality have been lost by Americans and by the Entente. We still believe it will be possible for the American Government to take measures to prevent this."

## FIRE FAILS TO HIDE MURDER OF WOMAN BY THE-SEA BURNS

F. L. Small Held After Wife's  
Body Is Found With Rope  
Around Neck.

MINNEAPOLIS, N. H., Sept. 29.—County officials investigating the death of Mrs. Florence A. Small said tonight there is no doubt that she was murdered before the fire which destroyed the cottage at Lake Umbagog, where she resided with her husband, Frederick L. Small.

Sheriff Arthur Chandler of Carroll county announced late tonight that a woman, Mrs. Florence A. Small, was found dead in a room at the hotel where she was staying.

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**WOMEN FOR WHEAT EMBARGO.**  
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## STRIKE DIES FAST, LEADERS IN GLOOM

No Help From Brotherhood  
and Official Statements  
Aid Dissolution.

## RALLY PROMISED MONDAY

Brewery Drivers Return To-  
day, Traction Men Going  
Back Fast.

Labor leaders after spending all of yesterday and last night trying to breathe life into the general strike which they had promised New York, were forced to admit that it may be regarded as at the point of death. Unless there is a rally by Monday the death knell will be sounded.

Many hard words were dealt the foolishness of the agitators yesterday. There was a release after the announcement that the brewery drivers intend to return to work this morning.

**Stent Until Monday.**  
"We will have nothing more to say until Monday," said Fitzgibbon, parent of the strike.

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## WEST SHORE STRIKE UPSETS COMMUTERS

Ferry System Tied Up and Cir-  
cuitous Routes Are Taken  
by Suburbanites.

Between 8,000 and 10,000 commuters sought their Jersey homes by unaccustomed and circuitous routes last night. They were peevish and late because just at the rush hour 150 fremen, dockhands, wheelmen and bridgemen employed on the eight West Shore Railroad ferries struck for more pay, and tied up the boats which ply between Cortlandt street and Weehawken, between Forty-second street and Weehawken and from Forty-second street to West New York.

The Hudson tubes and ferries of other lines took care of those who work downtown, but at the Forty-second street ferry house there was such a jam that commuters were called out. The crowd slowly melted, as the ingenuity of passengers and railroad officials figured out substitute itineraries.

The West Shore men got a 5 per cent. raise two weeks ago, but demand a 25 per cent. increase in an ultimatum presented Thursday.

**No Harmony Button  
FOR COL. ROOSEVELT**  
Kills Plan to Make Much of  
Reconciliation With Taft  
on Tuesday.

Plans to mark the reception next Tuesday evening at the Union League Club with a button bearing the picture of Charles E. Hughes flanked by pictures of Roosevelt and Taft were nipped in the bud yesterday by the Colonel.

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## FAMINE IN MILK NEXT WEEK, SAY BIG CITY FIRMS

Bordens, Sheffields and Mut-  
tual Admit Customers  
Must Suffer.

## ENOUGH IN STORAGE TO LAST FIVE DAYS

Farmers Say They Will Put  
1,600,000 Quarts Into  
Pigs and Cheese.

## STATE TO HAVE BUT 7,000 CANS TO SELL

Companies Will Fight to  
End—Dairymen Promise  
to Stand Firm.

New York will be in the midst of a milk famine before the end of next week. The three largest distributors in the metropolitan district admitted yesterday that after today, when their contracts with the up-state producers expire, they will be unable to take care of their customers.

There is enough milk stored up to last about five days. After that only about 20 per cent. of the quantity contained in normal times will be available. This will be no more than enough for the needs of the tubercular and the sick in the hospitals.

And while the city goes without milk nearly 1,600,000 quarts a day will be fed to pigs or churned into cheese because the farmers refuse to sell at present prices.

Until yesterday the large distributors such as Bordens, the Sheffields, Kears, Shaw-Walker and the Mutual-Milk-Company had refused to admit the possibility of a famine. They claimed they could obtain a normal supply from farms near the city.

**Only 7,000 Cans to Come.**  
The Dairywomen's League, which the farmers have called to sell at 10c a can, said that because of lack of pasteurization facilities and other causes it could supply only 7,000 cans a day into the city.

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